

10.50 707 Torr $\frac{707}{760} = 0.9303 \text{ atm}$

21°C \rightarrow 294 K

SF₆ Find density = $\frac{\text{mass}}{\text{Volume}} = \boxed{\frac{g}{V}}$

$$PV = nRT$$

$$PV = \frac{gRT}{mw}$$

$$V = \frac{g}{V} = \frac{P(mw)}{RT} = \frac{(0.9303)(146)}{(0.08206)(294)}$$

Dec 9-7:39 AM

50 b $d = 7.135 \text{ g/l}$, ~~12°C~~ 743 Torr
 $\textcircled{285K}$ $\textcircled{0.978 \text{ atm}}$

$$\frac{RT}{P} * \frac{d}{l} = \frac{P(mw)}{RT} * \frac{RT}{P}$$

$$\frac{mw}{l} = \frac{dRT}{P} = \frac{(7.135)(0.08206)(285)}{0.978}$$

Dec 9-7:57 AM

(10/51) $\text{CaH}_2(s) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(l) \rightarrow \text{Ca(OH)}_2 + 2\text{H}_2(g)$

2.37 mole H₂	1 mole CaH₂	1(2g CaH₂)
	2 mole H ₂	1 mole CaH ₂

g

9

294 K

V 53.5 l

P 814 torr = 1.07 atm

T 21 °C

$PV = nRT$

$n = \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{(1.07)(53.5)}{(0.08206)(294)}$

$n = 2.37 \text{ mole H}_2$

Dec 9-8:03 AM

(10.62) 10 l 51.2g O₂ = 1.6 mole O₂ 19 °C

32.6g He = 8.15 mole He

32.6g He ← 4g He

Find

P_{O₂}

P_{He}

P_T

$P_{O_2}(10) = \left(\frac{51.2}{32}\right)(0.08206)(292) = 3.83 \text{ atm}$

$P_{He}(10) = \left(\frac{32.6}{4}\right)(0.08206)(292) = 19.5 \text{ atm}$

$P_T = 23.33 \text{ atm}$

Dec 9-8:14 AM

~~X~~ Mole fraction (mole %)

$n_T = 9.75 \text{ mole}$

$n_{O_2} = 1.6 \text{ mole } O_2$

$n_{He} = 8.15 \text{ mole He}$

Part / Whole

$P_{O_2} = X_{O_2} P_T$

$= \left(\frac{1.6}{9.75}\right) (23.33)$

$P_{O_2} = 3.8 \text{ atm}$

$P_{He} = X_{He} P_T$

$= \frac{8.15}{9.75} (23.33)$

19.5 atm

TOTAL $\Rightarrow P_T = 23.33 \text{ atm}$

~~$P = nRT$~~

OR $P_T = P_{O_2} + P_{He}$

$23.33 = 3.8 + P_{He}$

Dec 9-8:22 AM

~~$P = nRT$~~

constants

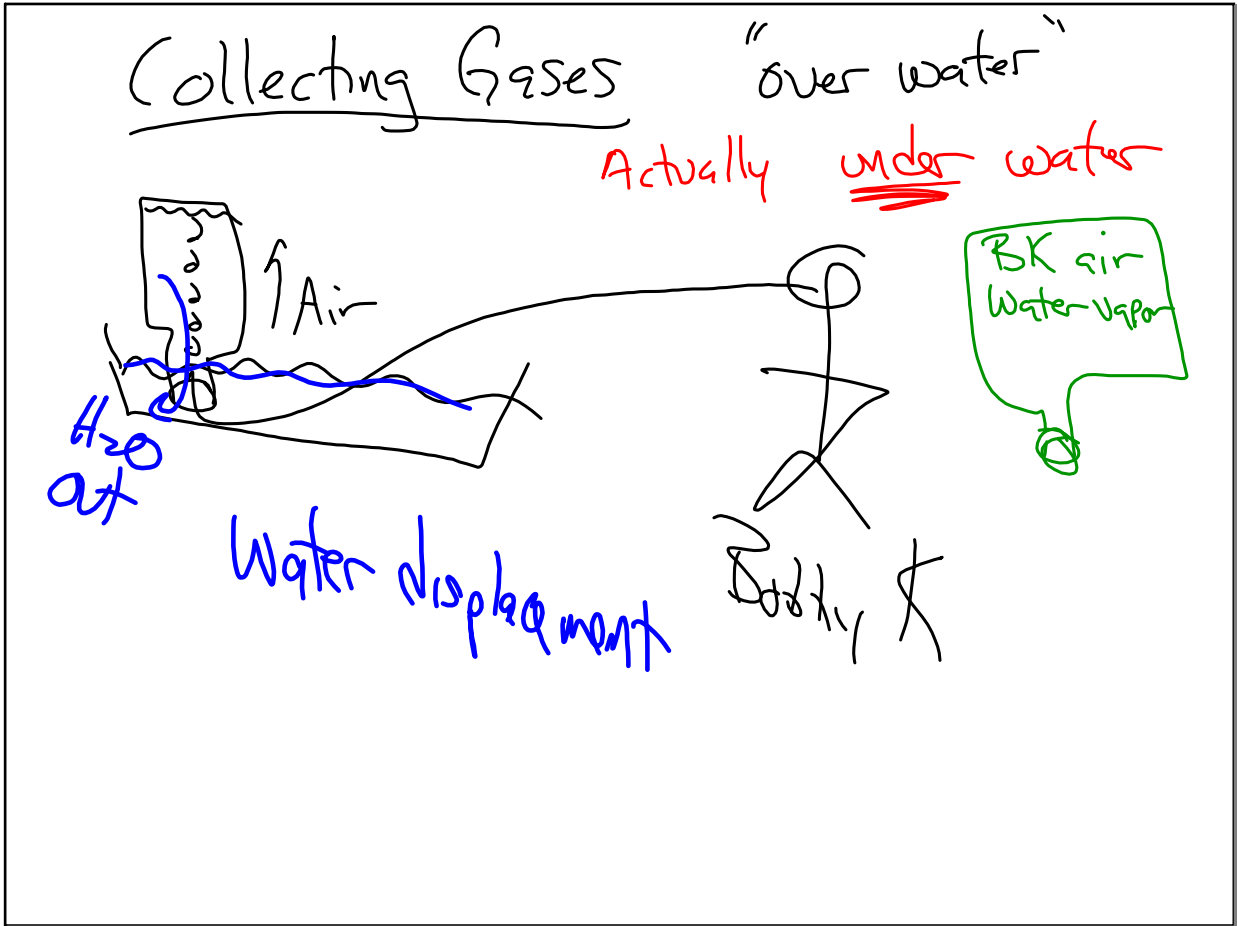
Variables \uparrow

$P_{O_2} \approx n_{O_2}$

\downarrow

Single container containing multiple gases

Dec 9-8:46 AM



Dec 9-8:49 AM

$$P_T = P_{\text{BK air}} + P_{\text{H}_2\text{O vapor}}$$

$P_{\text{BK "dry" air}} = P_T - P_{\text{H}_2\text{O vapor}}$

$= 760 - 21.07$

$= 738.93 \text{ Torr}$

$T = 23^\circ\text{C}$

$P_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = 21.07 \text{ Torr}$

$P_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$ is constant at a certain Temp.

Dec 9-9:03 AM

$KClO_3(s) \rightarrow KCl(s) + O_2(g)$ collected over H_2O

$P_{O_2} V = n_{O_2} R T$

$(0.933)(0.25) = n_{O_2} (0.08206)(299)$

$V = 0.250 L$
 $T = 26^\circ C$

$P = P_T = 765 \text{ torr}$

Find Moles O_2 collected

$P_{O_2} = P_T - P_{H_2O}$
 $= 765 - 25.21$
 $= 739.79 \text{ torr} \rightarrow 0.973 \text{ atm}$

Dec 9-9:08 AM

$10 / 66 + 70$

$U_T = 1/sp$

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