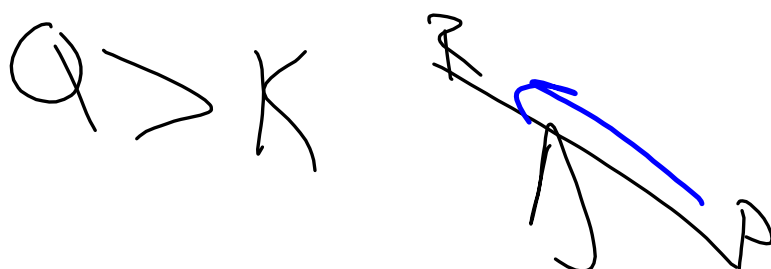
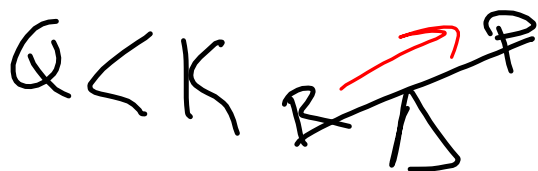
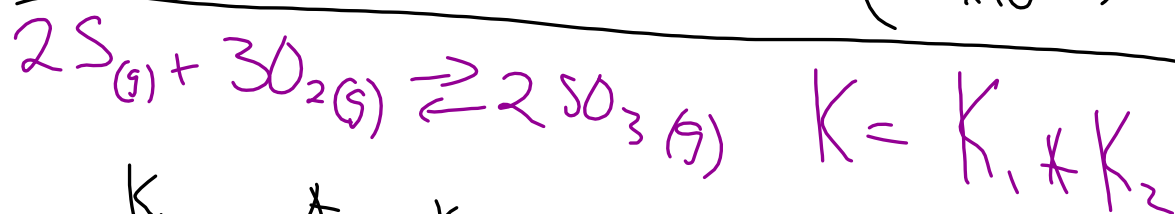
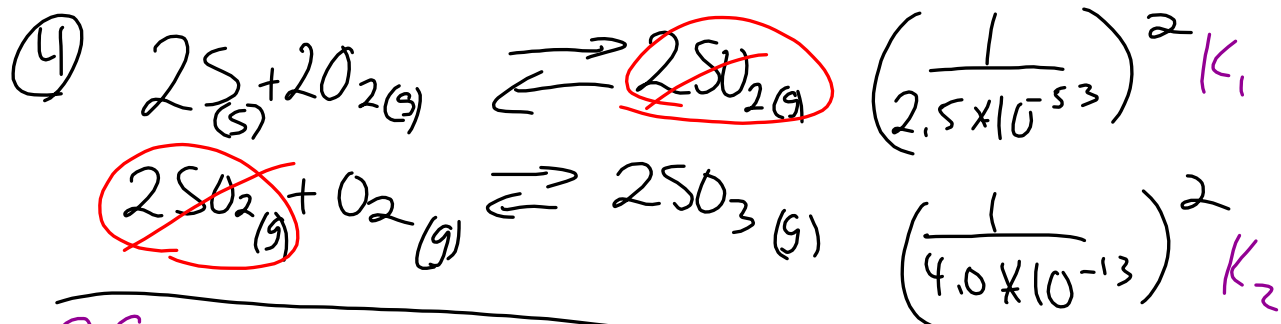


$$K = \frac{[\text{Prod}]}{[\text{React}]}$$



$$\textcircled{3} \quad K_c = \frac{[\text{HI}]^2}{[\text{H}_2][\text{I}_2]} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\frac{54}{1} = \frac{(\text{HI})^2}{(0.021)(0.013)}$$



$$\begin{aligned} & K_1 \times K_2 \\ & (0.4 \times 10^{53})^2 \times (0.25 \times 10^{13})^2 = \\ & (0.16 \times 10^{106}) (0.0625 \times 10^{26}) = \\ & \quad \downarrow \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \\ & 0.01 \times 10^{132} \end{aligned}$$

$$K = \boxed{1 \times 10^{130}}$$

⑦  $K=32 > Q=1$

$$Q = \frac{(B_{r_2})(U_2)}{(B_r(Q))^2} = \frac{(0.05)(0.05)}{(0.05)^2} = 1$$

R → F

⑧

$$K_p = K_c (RT)^{\Delta n}$$

$$K_p = K_c [(RT)^{\Delta n}]$$

$$K_p = K_c$$

⑨  $3\text{N}_2\text{H}_4 + 4\text{ClF}_3 \rightleftharpoons 12\text{HF} + 3\text{N}_2 + 2\text{Cl}_2$

	0.88 M	0.88 M	<del>0.88 M</del>	<del>0.88 M</del>	<del>0.88 M</del>
H					
F	-	-0.70	+	+0.525	+
		0.18 M		0.525	

→ Mole RATIO

0.525 <del>M</del>	4 $\text{ClF}_3$
	3 <del>M</del> = 0.70

$$\textcircled{10} \quad K_p = K_c (RT)^{\Delta n}$$
$$6.8 \times 10^5 = K_c \left( (0.08206)(298) \right)^{-2}$$
$$\frac{6.8 \times 10^5}{1} = \frac{K_c}{(0.08206)(298)^2}$$
$$K_c = 4.07 \times 10^5$$

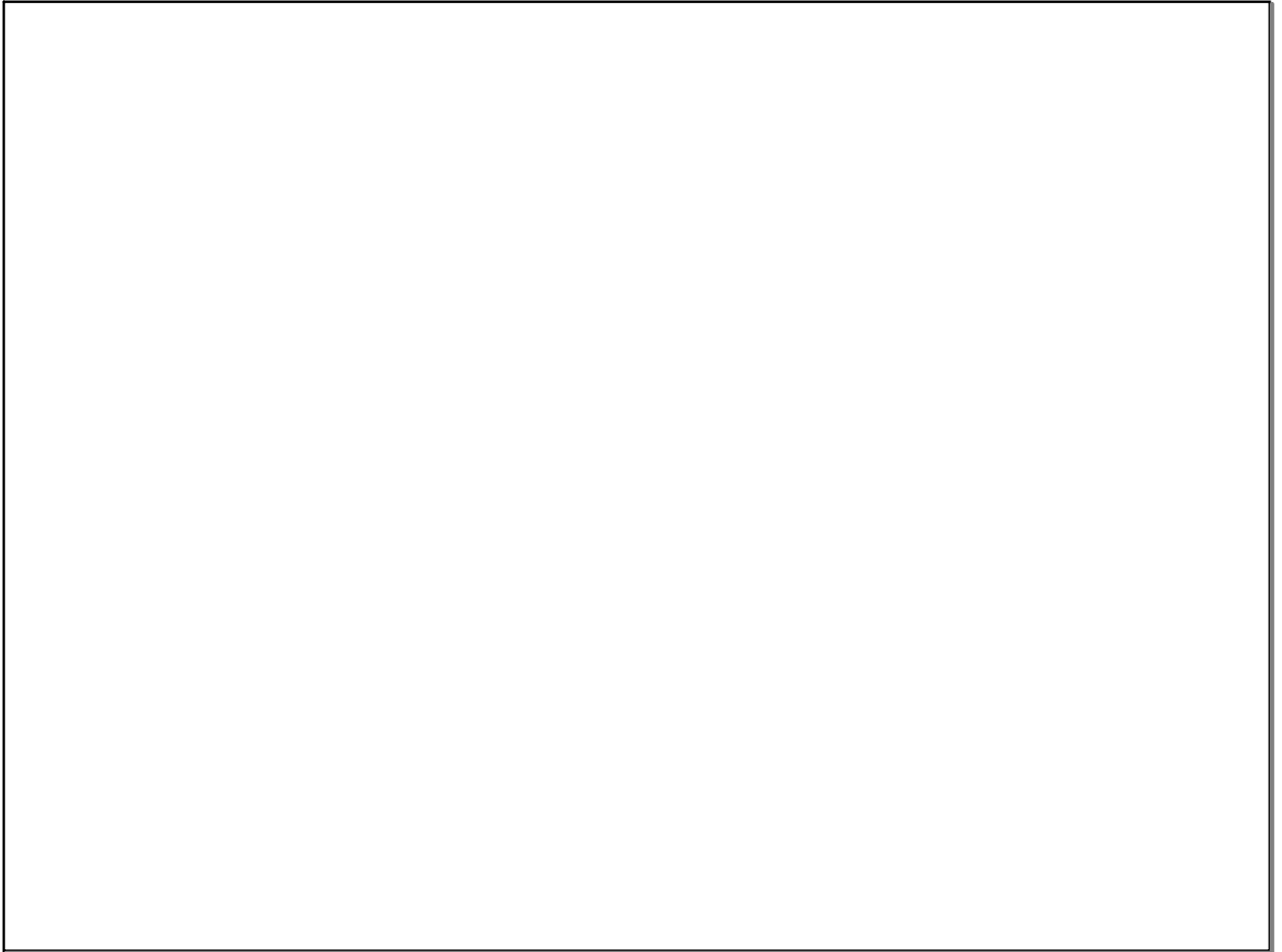
$$K_p = K_c (RT)^{\Delta n} \quad \left. \vphantom{K_p} \right\} \quad \frac{K_p}{1} = \frac{K_c}{(RT)^{\Delta n}}$$
$$K_c = K_p (RT)^{-\Delta n}$$



①  $K_c = 11.7$   $>$   $Q = 4.55$

$$Q = \frac{(SO_3)^2}{(SO_2)^2(O_2)} = \frac{(0.22)^2}{(0.22)^2(0.22)} = \frac{1}{0.22} = 4.55$$

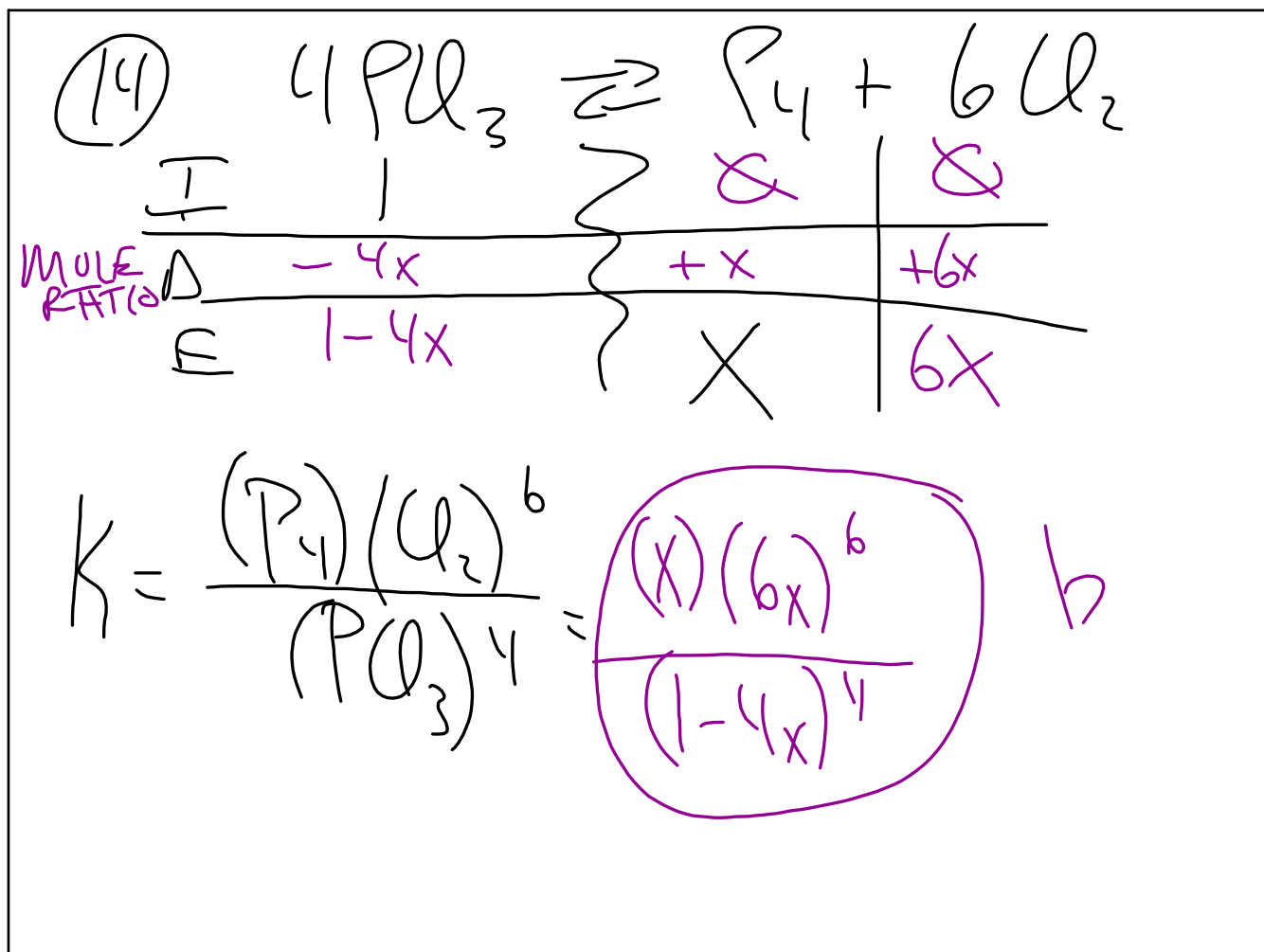
R  $\longrightarrow$  P  
Form More Product

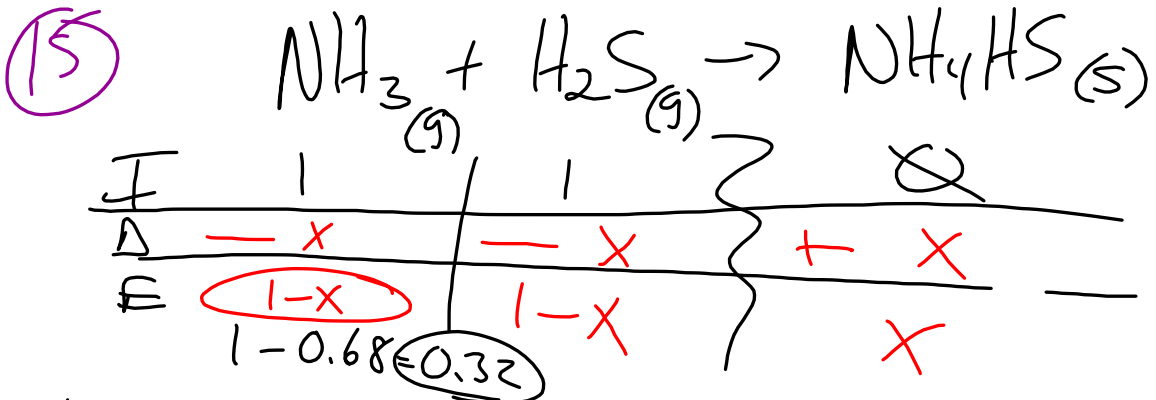


$$\textcircled{2} \quad Q = \frac{(1.2)^2 (0.6)}{(1.3)^2} = 0.51$$

$$Q = K$$

AT FT C





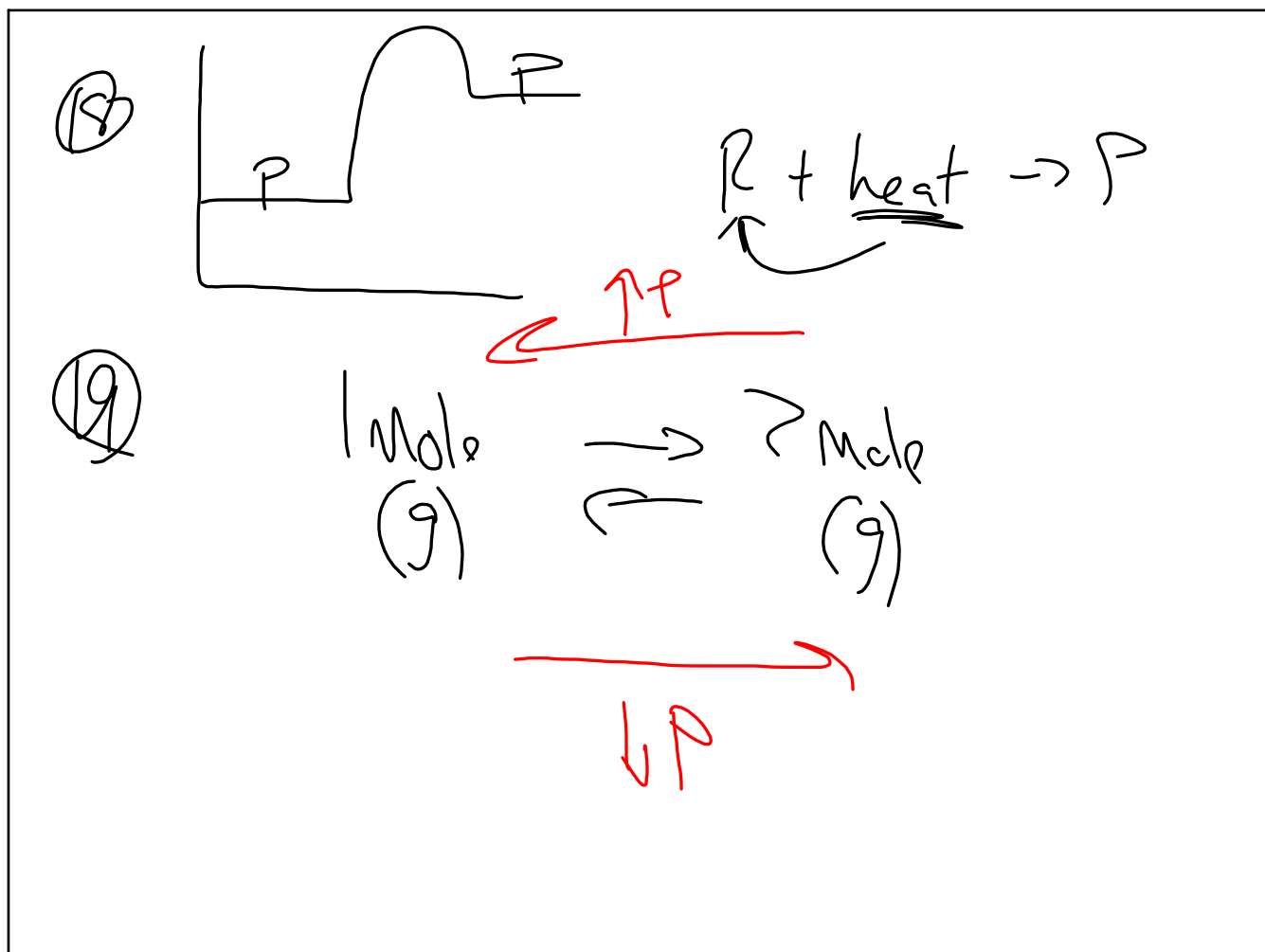
$$K_c = \frac{1}{(\text{NH}_3)(\text{H}_2\text{S})} = \sqrt{\frac{9.7}{1}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{(1-x)^2}}$$

$$\frac{3.114}{1} = \frac{1}{1-x}$$

$$3.114 - 3.114x = 1$$

$$-3.114x = -2.114$$

$$x = 0.68$$

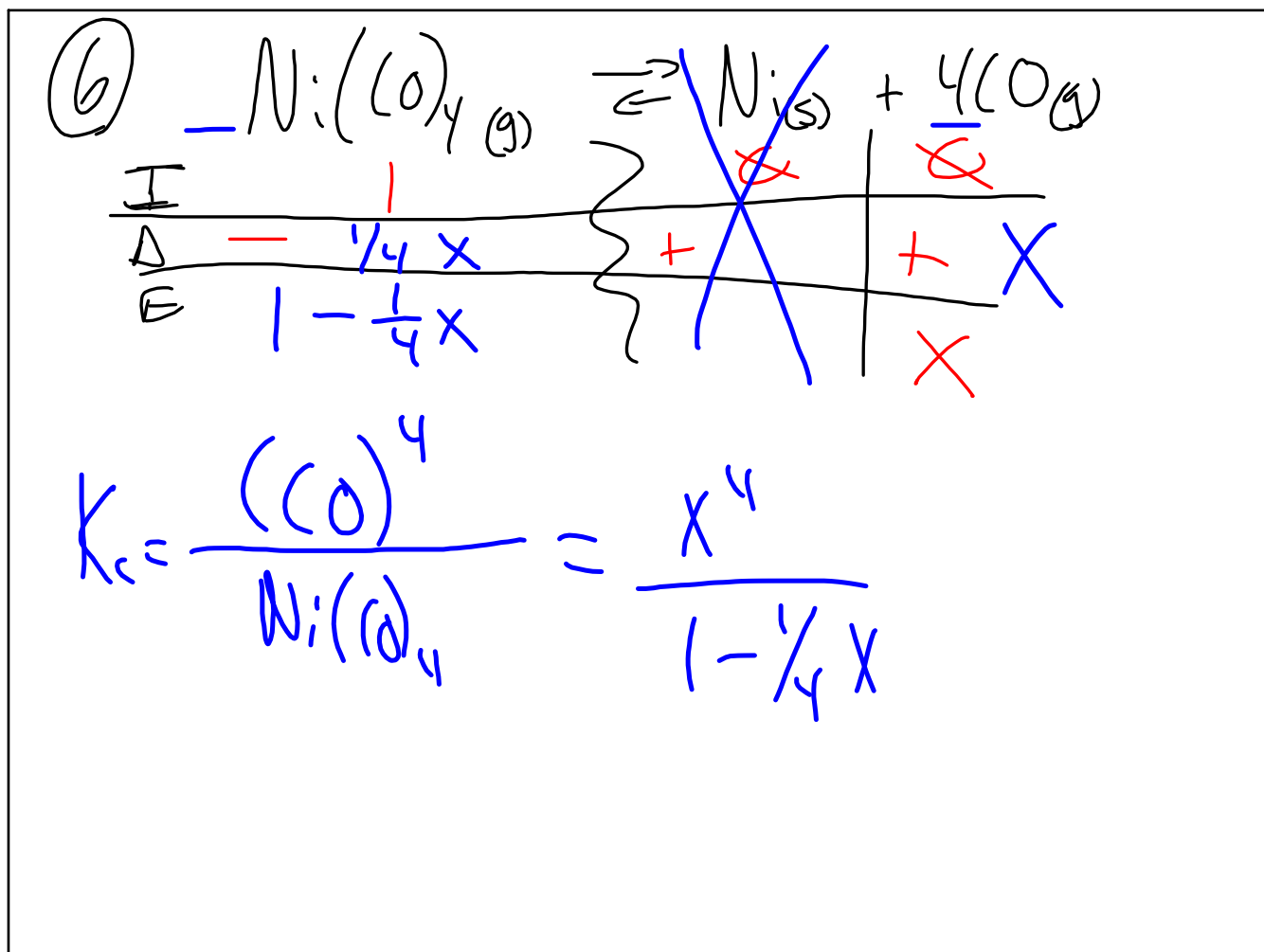


20.
4 mole g  $\rightleftharpoons$  2 mole g

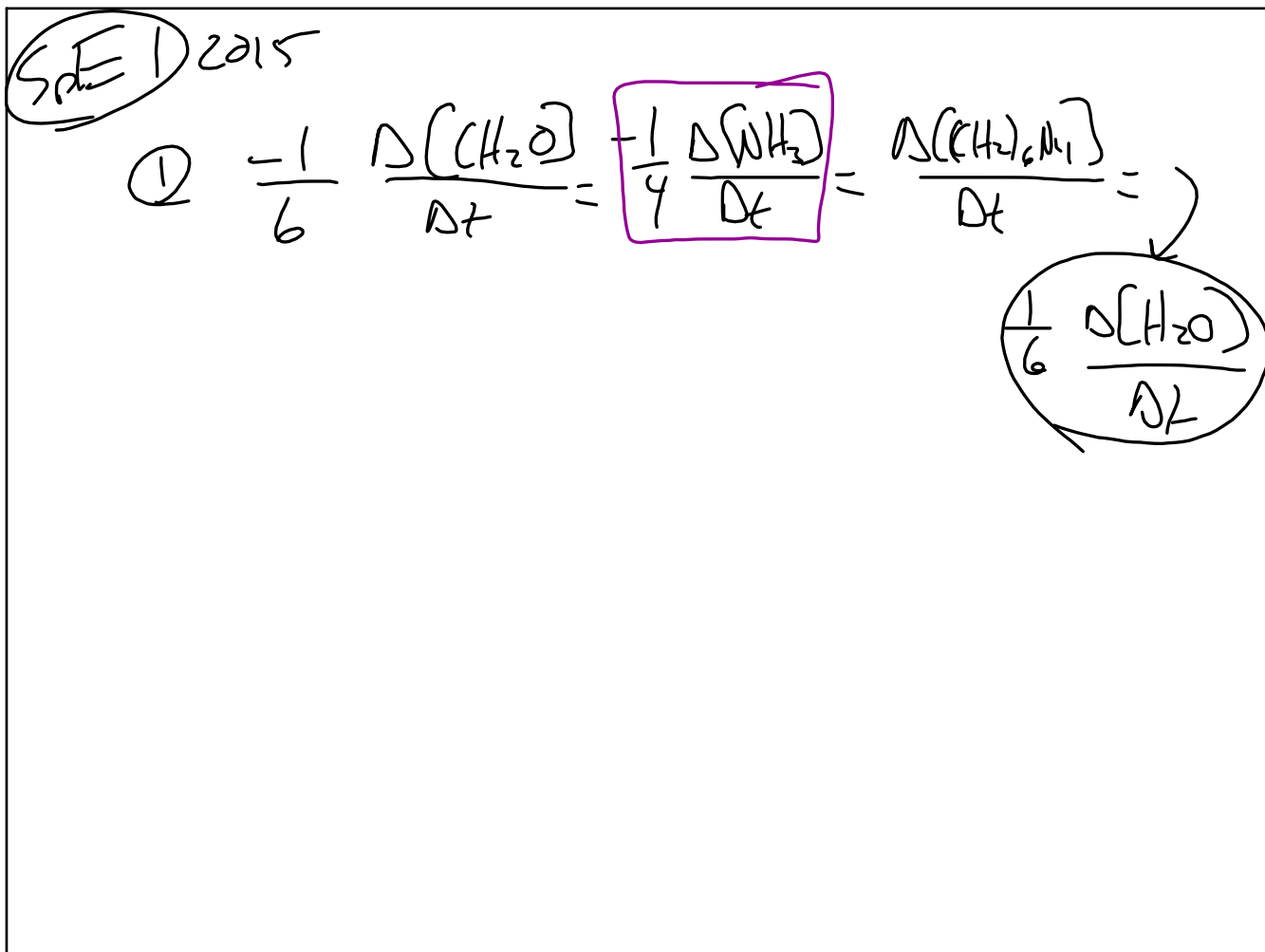
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Below the equilibrium arrow, there are three columns of arrows:

- Column 1: A vertical stack of circles containing the numbers 9, 7, 4, 2, and 0. To the right of each circle is a small arrow pointing either up or down.
- Column 2: A vertical stack of arrows. The top two arrows point up, and the bottom two arrows point down.
- Column 3: A circled 'P' with a horizontal line through it, and the word "test" written below it.







② 2<sup>o</sup>  $k = 0.47 \frac{1}{\text{min} \cdot \text{sec}}$

$$[A_0] = 0.25 \text{ M}$$

$$[A_t] = 0.125 \text{ M}$$

$$t = ? \text{ sec}$$

$$\frac{1}{[A_t]} = kt + \frac{1}{[A_0]}$$

$$\frac{1}{0.125} = 0.47t + \frac{1}{0.25}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad 1^{\circ} \quad k = 1.2 \times 10^{-2} \frac{1}{\text{sec}} \quad A_0 = 2 \text{ M}$$
$$A_t = ?$$
$$t = 200 \text{ sec}$$
$$\ln A_t = -kt + \ln A_0$$
$$\ln A_t = (-1.2 \times 10^{-2})(200) + \ln 2$$
$$\ln A_t = -1.7068$$
$$A_t = 0.1814$$

⑥	<u>NO</u>	Rate	}	<u>Hz</u>	<u>Rate</u>
①→?	2 <sup>②</sup>	= 4	}	2 <sup>1</sup>	= 2

Rate =  $\frac{1}{2} (\text{NO})^2 (\text{H}_2)$