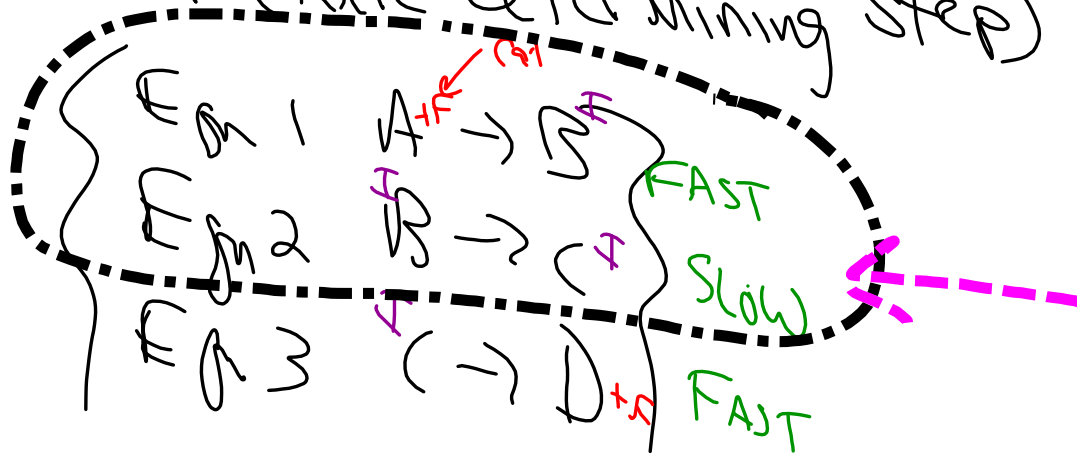
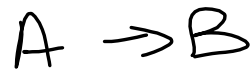


# Reaction Mechanisms

Must include all eqns up to AND INCLUDING the slow step (Rate determining step)



Feb 6-7:49 AM



FAST



SLOW



$\text{Rate}(B) = k_1[A]$

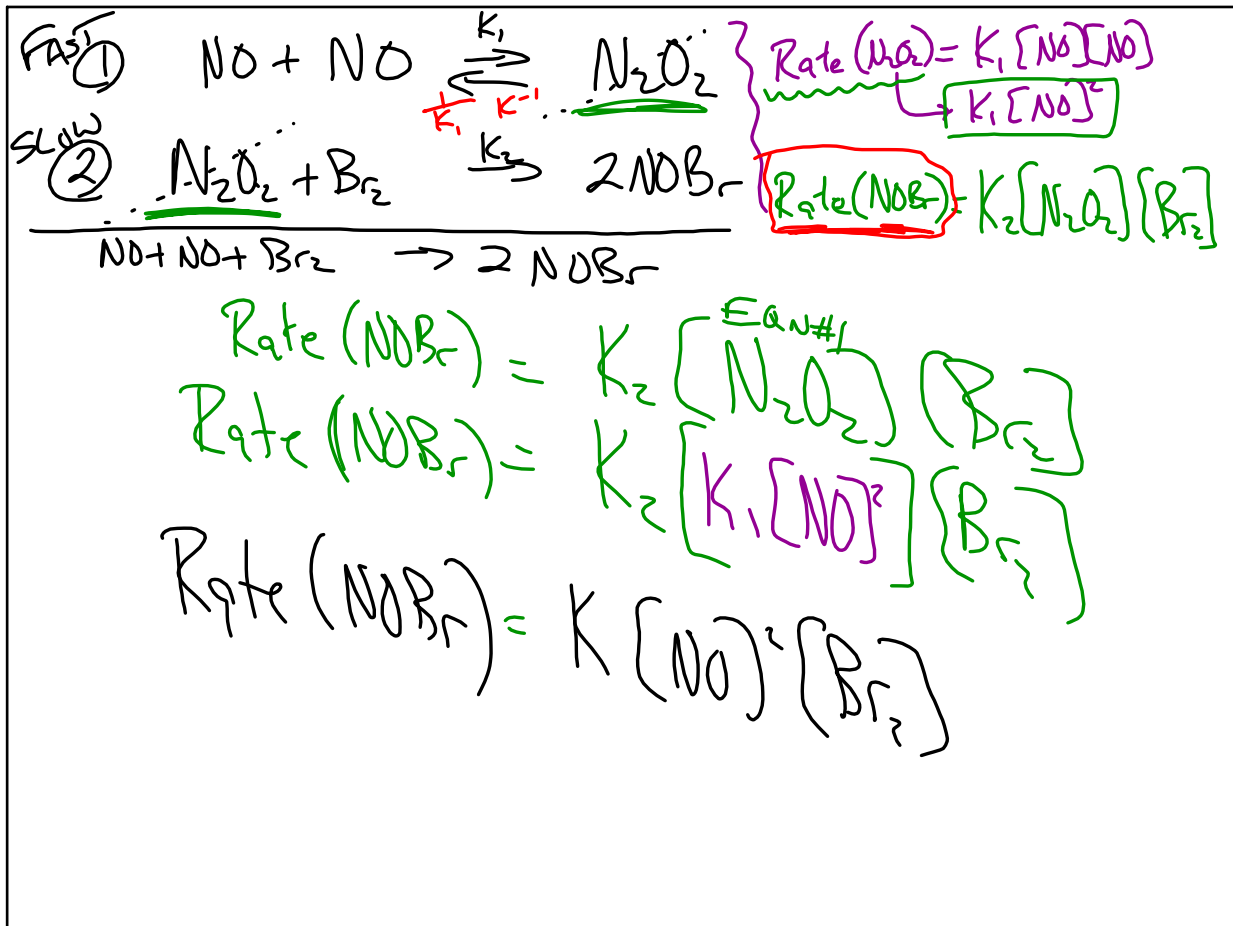
$\text{Rate}(C) = k_2[B]$

$\text{Rate}(C) = k_2[B]$

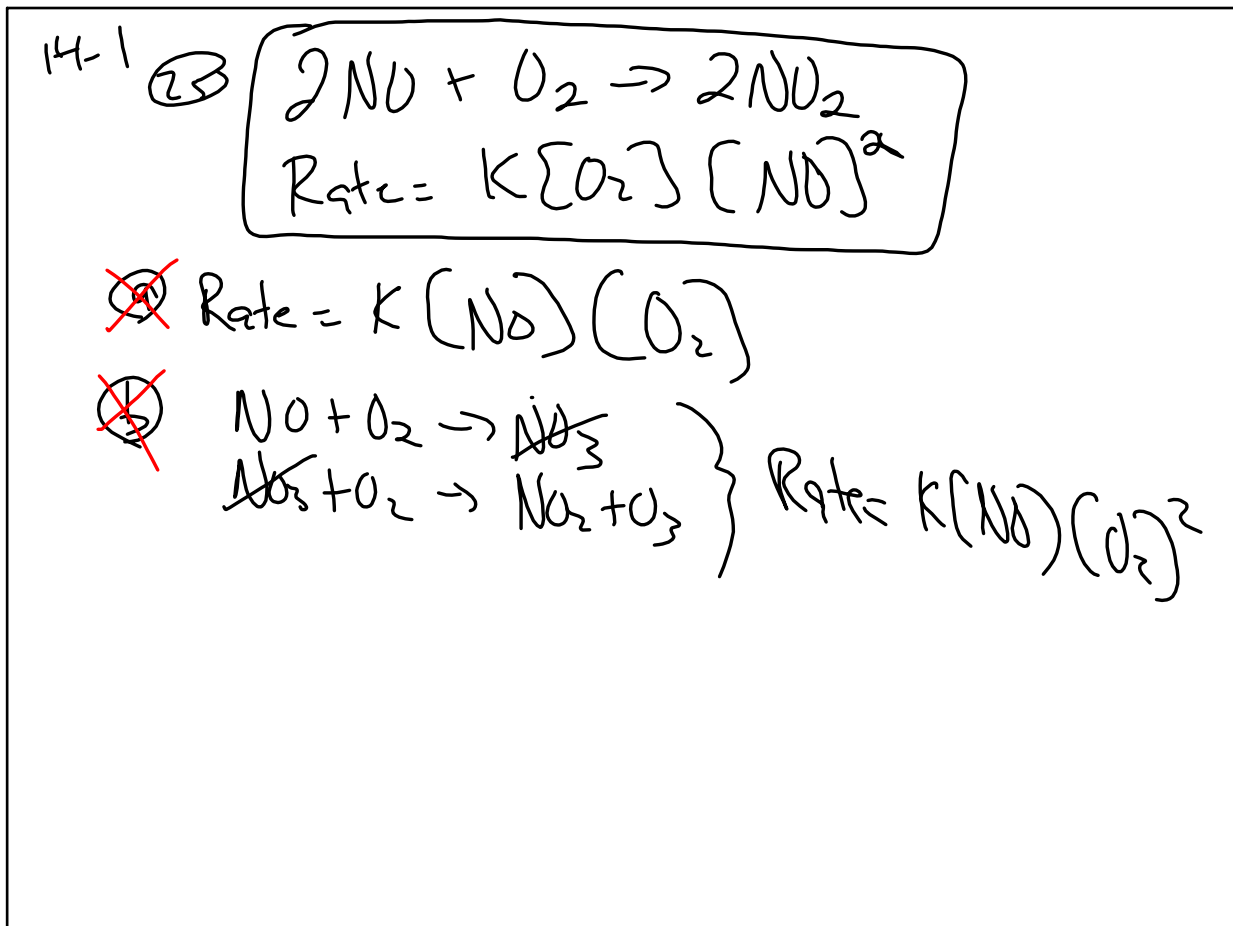
$\text{Rate}(C) = k_2[k_1[A]]$

$\text{Rate}(C) = k[A]$

Feb 6-7:55 AM



Feb 6-8:00 AM



Feb 6-8:18 AM

Chap 15    Reaction Equilibrium

RATE forward rxn = RATE reverse rxn

"See-saw Chemistry"

Feb 6-8:23 AM

Reactants  $\rightarrow$  Products.

MASS ACTION Expression  $\rightarrow$   $K_{eq} = \frac{[Prod]^{coeff}}{[React]^{coeff}}$

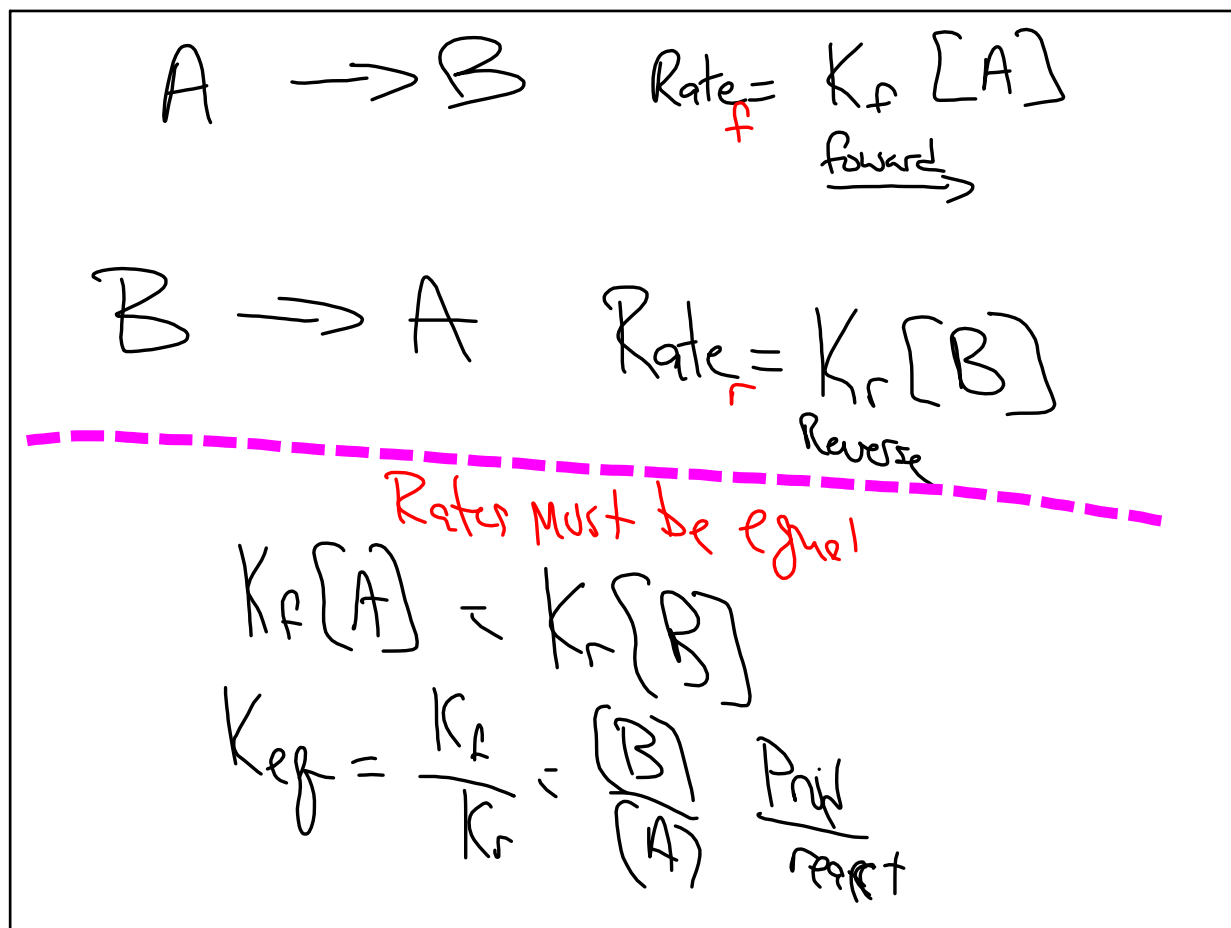
$K_c$

---

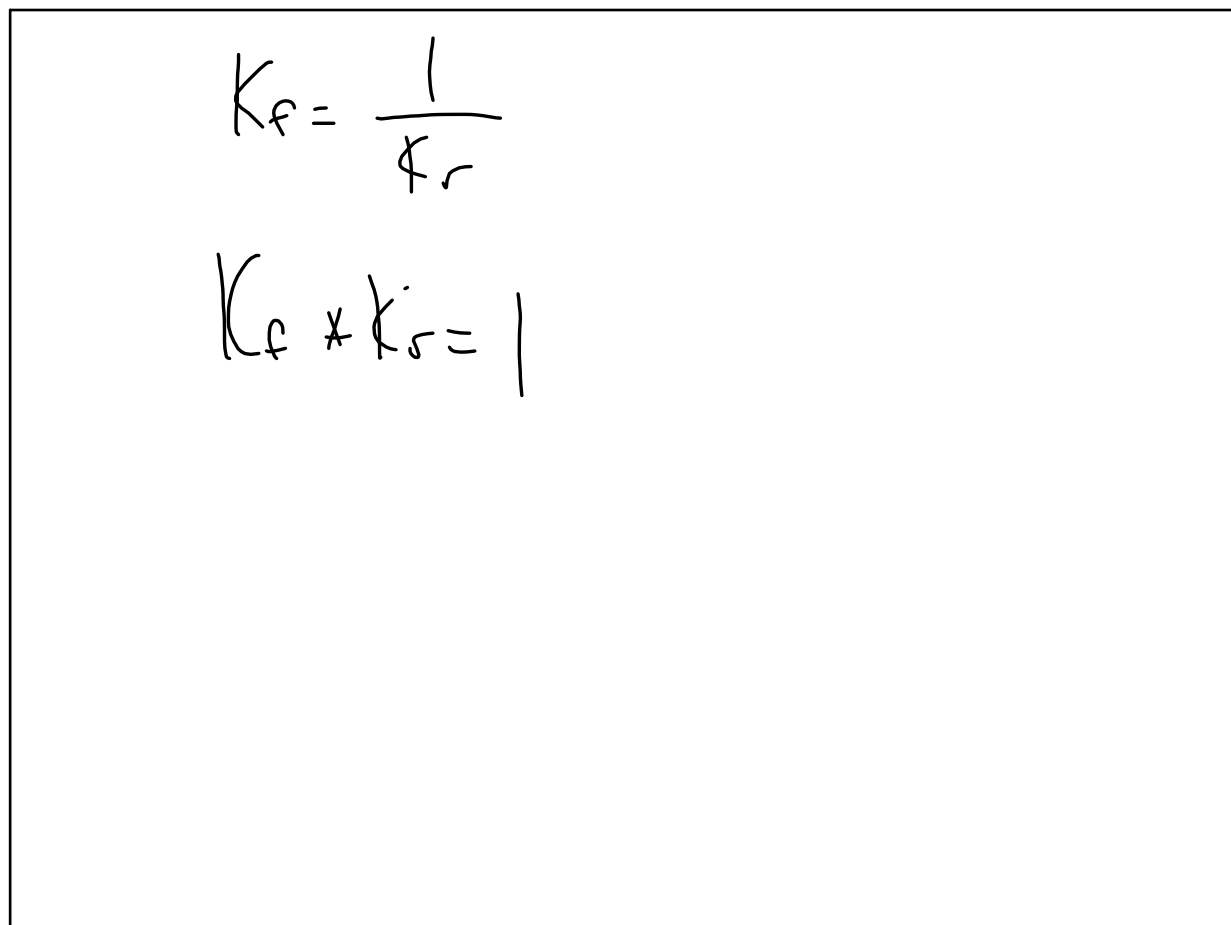
$aA + bB \rightarrow cC + dD$

$K_c = \frac{[C]^c [D]^d}{[A]^a [B]^b}$

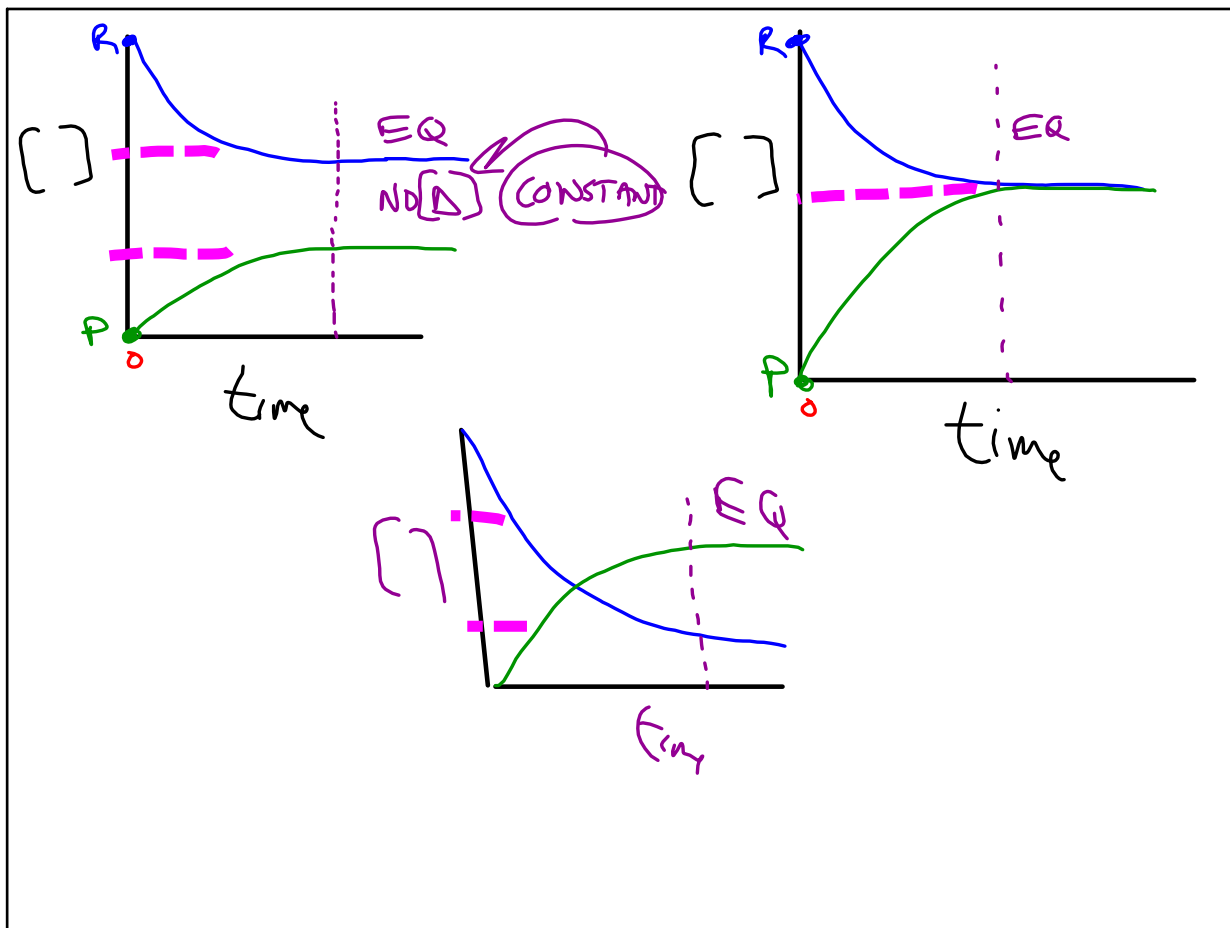
Feb 6-8:44 AM



Feb 6-8:47 AM



Feb 6-8:49 AM



Feb 6-8:51 AM

$K_c =$  concentration eg. aqueous solns (aq)

$K_p =$  pressure of a gas equilibrium (g)

IGNORE (replace with "1")  
 any pure (S) or (l)

Feb 6-8:55 AM

$N_2O_4(g) \rightleftharpoons 2 NO_2(g)$

↑ means EQ

favors forward

$$\frac{[Prod]}{[React]} = K$$

$$K_P = \frac{(P_{NO_2})^2}{(P_{N_2O_4})}$$

$K \gg 1$   
 Form lots of products

$K \ll 1$   
 Not many prod. formed  
 favors reactant  
 reverse rxn

Feb 6-8:58 AM

Flip rxn  $\frac{K_f}{1} = \frac{1}{K_r}$

$A \rightarrow B \quad \left(\frac{B}{A}\right)$ 


---

 $B \rightarrow A \quad \left(\frac{A}{B}\right)$

---

double rxn

 $K^2$

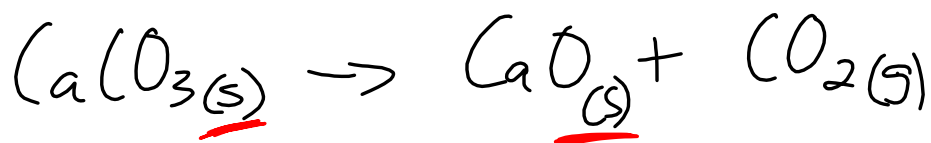
$A \rightarrow B$   
 $2A \rightarrow 2B$ 
 $\frac{B^2}{A^2}$

cut rxn 1/2

 $K^{1/2}$  or  $\sqrt{K}$

$A \rightarrow B$   
 $\frac{1}{2}A \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}B$ 
 $\frac{B^{1/2}}{A^{1/2}}$

Feb 6-9:02 AM



$$K = \frac{[\text{CO}_2](\text{g})}{(1)}$$

$$K_p = \frac{P_{\text{CO}_2}}{1}$$

Feb 6-9:05 AM

$$PV = nRT$$

$$P = \frac{n}{V} RT$$

$$P = M RT$$

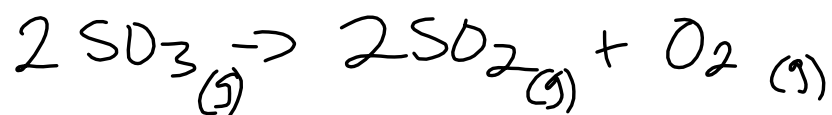
$$K_p = K_c (RT)^{\Delta n}$$

$n_{\text{re}}$

$n_{\text{pr}}$

Change in # moles  
from react to product.  
only (g) and (g)  
IGNORE pure (s) and (l)

Feb 6-9:07 AM



$$K_c = 4.07 \times 10^{-3} \text{ at } 1000 \text{ K}$$

(K<sub>c</sub>)

$$K_p = K_c (RT)^{\Delta n}$$

$$\begin{matrix} P-R \\ (3-2) \end{matrix}$$

$$= (4.07 \times 10^{-3}) \left[ (0.08206)(1000) \right]^1$$

Feb 6-9:11 AM

14/68

15/16+22

Feb 6-9:14 AM